

# **Suffolk County Council**

# **Annual Slavery and Human Trafficking Statement 2022/23**

#### Introduction

Suffolk County Council recognises its responsibility to take a robust approach to slavery and human trafficking.

This annual statement sets out Suffolk County Council's ambitions to understand all potential Modern Slavery risks related to its activities, and to put in place steps to ensuring that there is no slavery or human trafficking in the council's activities and supply chains.

The overall aim of the Modern Slavery Act 2015 is to pursue organised criminals and opportunistic individuals involved in the modern-day slave trade and human trafficking, and to prevent people from engaging in, or becoming victims of, Modern Slavery and Human Trafficking crime.

The Council is committed to preventing Slavery and Human Trafficking in its corporate activities, and to ensure that supply chains are free from Slavery and Human Trafficking.

Publication of this annual statement is part of that commitment, and highlights activity undertaken over the past 12 months.

Cllr Matthew Hicks Leader of the Council

Nicola Beach Chief Executive

### **Review of the Slavery and Human Trafficking Statement**

Suffolk County Council will review and update this statement annually. This will be the responsibility of the Public Health and Communities, Community Safety Lead.

#### **Definition of Modern Slavery**

Modern Slavery is a term used in the Modern Slavery Act to encapsulate the offences of slavery, servitude and forced/compulsory labour, and human trafficking.

Guidance issued by the Home Office in support of the Act, gives the following more precise definitions:

- 1. Slavery: Where someone exercises over another person powers associated with the right of ownership.
- 2. Servitude: Where someone is obliged to provide services using coercion, including the obligation to live on another person's property.
- 3. Forced or Compulsory Labour: Where work or service is exacted from someone under threat or coercion and for which that person has not volunteered.
- 4. Human Trafficking: Where the movement of an individual is arranged or facilitated, with a view to that person being exploited, even if they have given their consent to travel.

However, Modern Slavery includes numerous types of exploitation, many of which may occur together, and may not be limited to the definitions above.

Under Section 1 of the Modern Slavery Act a person will commit an offence if they:

- 1. Hold another person in slavery or servitude and the circumstances are such that they know or ought to know that the person they hold is in slavery or servitude, or;
- 2. Require another person to perform forced or compulsory labour and the circumstances are such that they know or ought to know that the person is being required to perform such labour.

Under Section 2 of the Act, a human trafficking offence will have been committed if an individual has arranged or facilitated the travel of another person with a view to that person being exploited. This includes:

- 1. If that individual intends to exploit the other person during or after travel, or;
- 2. If that individual knows or ought to know that the other person is likely to be exploited by someone else.

Guidance on the Modern Slavery Act is available at: Home Office Statutory Guidance: Modern Slavery - How To Identify and Support Victims Home Office Statutory Guidance: Modern Slavery - How To Identify and Support Victims

### **Organisation and Supply Chains**

Suffolk County Council provides a wide range of statutory and discretionary services for its residents, businesses, visitors and the wider public. Consequently, it purchases a wide range of goods and services.

This Statement covers all activities of the Council, including but not limited to all direct employees, agency workers, and services delivered on behalf of the Council by third-party organisations and in the Council's supply chains.

This statement is about understanding potential Modern Slavery risks related to the council's activities and to put in place steps that are aimed at ensuring that there is no Slavery or Human Trafficking in its own activities and in its supply chains, as well as supporting efforts to eliminate Modern Slavery and human trafficking in the wider community.

#### **Partnerships**

Partnership working is key to preventing Modern Slavery and supporting those that are most vulnerable in our communities. In Suffolk, the Safer & Stronger Communities Board (SSCB) has Modern Slavery as one of its key priorities. This is a priority for all Community Safety Partners across Suffolk.

A number of activities have been undertaken in 2022/23 including the development of the Modern Slavery Strategy, Action Plan and Referral Pathways. For further details of activity carried out 2022/23 and planned 2023/24 see Appendix 1

Suffolk's multi-agency safeguarding policies set out the responsibilities of the Council and its partners to identify signs of potential abuse amongst children and vulnerable adults, which may include signs of Human Trafficking or Modern Slavery. Guidance is available on the Suffolk Safeguarding Partnership website: Suffolk Safeguarding Partnership Modern Slavery

#### **Suffolk County Council Policies**

Set out below are the key relevant policies currently operated by the Council.

### Pay

The Council operates the National Joint Council (NJC) Job Evaluation Scheme which ensures that all employees are paid fairly and equitably and is recognised by employers and trades unions nationally.

The NJC Job Evaluation Scheme has undergone a review to ensure it reflects recent changes in legislation <u>Suffolk County Council Pay Policy Statement</u> 2023/2024

#### **Procurement**

Contracts are awarded in accordance with the Council's specific requirements for the management of Health and Safety, Risk, Business Continuity, Diversity and Equality.

The Council's procurement webpages include a Modern Slavery webpage, outlining how to report concerns of Modern Slavery, information and resources and our supplier's obligations under the Modern Slavery Act.

The Council's tender documentation outlines Whistleblowing procedures and how to report concerns of Modern Slavery. Our contract terms include clauses to mitigate the risk of Modern Slavery in our supply chains. For further information on Activity Carried out and Planned see **Appendix 1**.

#### **Recruitment/Agency Workers**

The Council uses a specified and reputable employment agency for the recruitment of agency workers. All new employees are thoroughly and properly vetted for their eligibility to work in the UK in accordance with appropriate legislation.

The Council will continue to regularly review and update its list of preferred suppliers for the recruitment of agency workers. It will maintain process checks to ensure that each supplier complies with regulations under the Modern Slavery Act 2015

The Council introduced a recruitment policy which set out a transparent and robust process checking a person's 'right to work' in respect of all roles and for ensuring pay rate parity for roles of similar nature. This will continue to be reviewed and updated where required.

#### Whistleblowing

The Council strongly encourages all its employees, customers and other partners to report any concerns related to the direct activities of the Council, its supply chains, or the behaviour/actions of colleagues or customers. This includes any circumstances that may give rise to an enhanced risk of Slavery or Human Trafficking. The Council's whistleblowing procedures are designed to make it easy for workers to make disclosures, without fear of reprisal.

The Whistleblowing Policy has been reviewed and updated by the Head of Internal Audit, to now include a specific reference to Human Trafficking and will be reviewed as required to reflect the duties incumbent on Suffolk County Council.

### **Suffolk County Council Code of Conduct**

The Council's <u>Code of Conduct</u> makes it clear to employees the actions and behaviour expected of them when representing the Council. As an employer, the Council strives to maintain the highest standards of employee conduct and ethical behaviour. Paragraph 5 of the Council's Code of Conduct requires all staff to use best endeavours to ensure the health and safety of colleagues and customers in their vicinity or sphere of influence. This includes reporting relevant concerns in a prompt and direct manner. Paragraph 6 also details workers preparedness to highlight any concerns in regard to standards and whistleblowing relating to Modern Slavery including Human Trafficking.

The Council's Code of Conduct has been revised and updated to specifically include Modern Slavery, detailing that workers must give a high standard of service to the public, and must report any breach of procedures or conduct.

All of the Council's wholly owned companies have a Slavery and Human Trafficking Statement, and have published them on their websites:

a) Vertas Modern-Slavery-Act-V9-01092023.pdf (vertas.co.uk)

#### 2024-25

The Modern Slavery Statement will be updated annually subsumed as business as usual.

A cross-directorate group of Modern Slavery leads has been established within the Council to update the Annual Modern Slavery Statement co-ordinated by Public Health & Communities, Community Safety Modern Slavery Leads.

#### Sources of further information

- a) 2021 UK annual report on Modern Slavery
- b) Modern Slavery: statutory guidance for England and Wales (under s49 of the Modern Slavery Act 2015) and non-statutory guidance for Scotland and Northern Ireland (accessible version) (October 2023)
- c) LGA: Tackling Modern Slavery A Council Guide (pdf) (November 2022)
- d) LGA: Councillor guide to tackling modern slavery (September 2019)
- e) LGA: Modern Slavery Transparency Statements Portal
- f) UK Government Modern Slavery Statement
- g) UK Government: Collection of Modern Slavery Documents and Material
- h) Suffolk Safer Stronger Communities Board webpage

# Appendix 1

Activity	Carried out 2022/23	Planned 2023/24
Modern Slavery	Membership of the Modern	Suffolk Local Authority
Network	Slavery Network increased	network members have
	during 2023 and now	undertaken <u>Maturity Matrix</u>
	includes Department for	Self Assessments informed
	Work and Pensions (DWP)	by the <u>Local Government</u>
	and Norfolk and Waveney	Association (LGA): Council
	ICB Safeguarding Leads	guide to tackling Modern
	SCC Trading Standards and	Slavery revised guidance.
	the charity Migrant Help who	This guide and Maturity
	provide advice, guidance,	Matrix self-assessment
	and support to victims of	informed revision and focus
	Modern Slavery and Human	for the county-wide Modern
	Trafficking. The aim of the	Slavery Action Plan.
	network is to share best	
	practice across the Suffolk	
	System, share data and	
	information, develop training	
	and awareness raising	
	campaigns and	
	communicate to wider	
	partners on policy	
	developments from central	
	government.	
	The Modern Slavery	Develop referral pathways
	Network developed a new	and establish collaborative
	strategy. The network also	approaches for housing and
	developed an action plan	supporting victims of
	which focuses on four key	Modern Slavery, in line with
	themes:	the LGA publication
		Supporting modern slavery
	a) Identifying Victims	victims: guidance and good
	L. C	practice for council
	b) Supporting Victims	homelessness services
	a) Duamentina Familiatia	Local Government
	c) Preventing Exploitation	Association. This will
	d) Protection 9 Justice	include partnership working
	d) Protection & Justice	with Local Authority Housing
		and Homelessness teams
		and Migrant Help as part of
	To proper for new swideness	the Modern Slavery Victim
	To prepare for new guidance	Care and Coordination
	from the Local Government	Contract (MSVCC) New

Association (due for publication in Autumn 2022)

Updated Modern Slavery and NRM Flowcharts for First Responders, Non -First Responder organisations hosted on the Suffolk Safeguarding Partnership Modern Slavery webpage alongside updated guidance for members of the public.

Modern Slavery, Human Trafficking and NRM Flowcharts updated for First Responders, Non – First Responder organisations and members of the public.

# victim care contract | The Salvation Army

Revise Modern Slavery and Human Trafficking NRM Flowcharts for First Responder and Non-First Responder organisations.

Standardised Modern
Slavery and Human
Trafficking information on
public facing webpages
across Modern Slavery
Network member
organisations including
NRM Flowcharts for First
Responder and Non-First
Responder organisations
and information, advice and
guidance for members of
the public.

# Community Safety Partnerships

The annual Anti-Slavery Day and Modern Slavery Awareness week will be recognised and promoted annually across partners using the hashtag #SuffolkLooksCloser

18th October 2023, the

Modern Slavery Network promoted national Anti-Slavery Day. This included several social media posts by all partners to raise awareness of Modern Slavery in communities using the Suffolk hashtag #SuffolkLooksCloser. There were a total of 3.181 social media interactions, the campaign linked to the national charity Unseen where people could learn how to spot the signs of Modern Slavery and confidentially report concerns.

Agile approach to raising awareness of Modern Slavery and Human Trafficking trends in Suffolk via Social Media to be developed by Modern Slavery Network to enhance established campaigns.

Annual Suffolk Modern Slavery Awareness Week #SuffolkLooksCloser and National Anti-Slavery Day to be business as usual across Network partners.

June 2022 the Modern Slavery Network created a local Modern Slavery Awareness Week with a focus on Labour Exploitation and Rural Communities including how to spot the signs and indicators, how to report concerns and where to seek support. Community engagement events were held across Suffolk and social media posts using the hashtaq #SuffolkLoooksCloser,

with a reach of 26,248.

## Criminal **Exploitation**

Multi Agency Criminal Exploitation (MACE) panels were introduced in June 2021 in West. South and East Suffolk. Processes to maximise opportunities to disrupt children and young adults from becoming harmed and improvements in case management systems now allow places and spaces of concern to be flagged.

Continue to embed understanding of the National Referral Mechanism (NRM) duties and protocols across the System reflective of responsibilities and legislative changes. Modern Slavery, Human Trafficking and National Referral Mechanism (NRM) awareness is embedded into the multi-agency Criminal Exploitation training delivered as part of the Countywide Criminal **Exploitation Work** Programme 2021-24. This includes training on the Home Office Child **Exploitation Disruption** Toolkit. Child exploitation disruption toolkit (publishing.service.gov.uk)

The ambition for Suffolk is to embed submission of good quality multi-agency NRM referrals to the Single Competent Authority (SCA) and understanding of the requirement to update those

		referrals as appropriate prior to Conclusive Grounds Decision. This is reflected in the Modern Slavery Action Plan.
Training	Production of two Modern Slavery training films for Suffolk frontline workers	Develop training resource package to accompany films.  Modern Slavery, Human Trafficking and NRM continues to be embedded in the Criminal Exploitation training and awareness raising.
	New E-learning modules have been developed for SCC staff and partner organisations with the aim of identifying Modern Slavery and Trafficking at the earliest opportunity and being clear on what action should be taken.  Modern Slavery, Human Trafficking and NRM embedded in the Criminal Exploitation training and awareness raising.	The E-learning module remains flexible so the content can be updated annually as new statistics, guidance and best practice is developed.  Embedded E-Learning module one-hour workshops continue be delivered by SCC Modern Slavery Leads accessible to System partners.
	The E-Learning module has been embedded into a wider Modern Slavery one-hour virtual workshop delivered by SCC Modern Slavery Leads to MSN partner organisations.	Modern Slavery, Human Trafficking and NRM continues to be embedded in the Criminal Exploitation training and awareness raising
	Bespoke Modern Slavery and Human Trafficking awareness raising workshops for Integrated Care Board (ICB) Care Fairs recruitment staff delivered by SCC Modern Slavery Lead and Suffolk Police Modern Slavery and Vulnerable	

	Communities Coordinator.	
Volunteer Policy	The Council's Volunteer Policy has been reviewed and revised to enable any signs of Modern Slavery and Human Trafficking to be identified and reported. This has been updated in the 'what we expect of you' section and the 'Employer Supported Volunteering' section of the Volunteer Policy. SCC Volunteer Policy v3 14.10.2022.pdf	
Procurement	The Council's Annual Social Value Ask was updated, to include an ask of our suppliers to mitigate the risk of Modern Slavery in their supply chains including using Modern Slavery clauses in their contracts, risk assessing their suppliers regarding the risk of Modern Slavery, raising awareness with their staff and ensuring their staff and those they work with are aware how to report concerns regarding Modern Slavery.  Briefing held in December 2021 by the Public Health and Communities Team for procurement staff to raise awareness and help develop understanding regarding the risks of Modern Slavery.	Review current guidance, resources and tools used to facilitate procurement and contract management to include guidance regarding Modern Slavery and Human Trafficking.

Light touch risk check piloted to support commissioners to identify Modern Slavery risks in their commissioning decisions and to put in place appropriate mitigations to reduce the risk of Modern Slavery occurring.

Develop a light-touch and user-friendly risk assessment to identify any corporate activities that may be high-risk in relation to any form of slavery or human trafficking.

The risk check and guidance regarding Modern Slavery to be added to the online internal guidance on MySCC for commissioners, procurement, and contract managers.

Review the impact of the pilot after 6 months to identify any changes to be made to improve the effectiveness of the risk check.

Review annually and update if required the Modern Slavery Procurement Webpage.